

# A Guide to the Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) In Virginia

## What is the ACP?

The Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) provides victims of abuse with a legal, substitute residential alternative address, which can be listed on official documentation even though that is not the address at which the victim resides.

To apply, victims must work with an application assistant to fill out the required forms and assemble a comprehensive safety plan. JCADA Victim Advocates are certified application assistants and will work with survivors to develop a strong safety plan and apply to the ACP.

## Eligibility

Eligibility for the ACP in Washington, DC, includes:

- Current address is not already public record (JCADA Victim Advocate can clarify)
- Being a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking
- Must not be a registered sex offender or on parole or probation
- 18+ years old
- Resident of Virginia
- Have a comprehensive safety plan to accompany the ACP application.

## Pros and Cons of Utilizing the ACP

### Pros:

- Mail is forwarded to participant's real address
- Schools accept the ACP address on documentation
- Participants can still vote without disclosing real address

### Cons:

- The Virginia Criminal Information Network will have access to the real address. If the ACP applicant's abuser is a law enforcement officer, they will have access to the real address through VCIN. To prevent this, the ACP participants will have to file for a Protective Order against the abuser.
- Packages cannot be forwarded by the ACP
  - Alternative options for package delivery includes using pick up hubs, a PO box, or a family member/friend's address.